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NEW QUESTION: 1

Your network administrator informs you that the Internet service provider is being changed in a month's time in conjunction with a data center move.

You are asked to plan for the changes required in the Oracle Grid Infrastructure, which is set up to use GNS.

The IP addresses and subnets of the public network are to change.

Which two must be done in the Oracle Grid Infrastructure network setup to accommodate this change using the command-line Interfaces available?

- A.** The interconnect must be reconfigured by using oifcfg, crsctl, and ifconfig.
- B.** The Interconnect must be reconfigured by using srvctl.
- C.** The SCAN VIPs and node VIPs must be reconfigured using srvctl.
- D.** The SCAN VIPs and SCAN listener resources must be removed and added to obtain the new SCAN IP addresses from DHCP.
- E.** The SCAN VIPs and node VIPs must be reconfigured by using oifcfg.

Answer: A,E

Explanation:

How to Modify Public or Private Network Information in Oracle Clusterware [ID 283684.1]

Modified 14-MAR-2012 Type HOWTO Status PUBLISHED

Applies to:

Oracle Server - Enterprise Edition - Version: 10.1.0.2 to 11.2.0.3 - Release: 10.1 to 11.2

Information in this document applies to any platform.

Goal

The purpose of this note is to describe how to change or update the cluster_interconnect and/or public interface information that is stored in OCR. It may be necessary to change or update interface names, or subnet associated with an interface if there is a network change affecting the servers, or if the original information that was input during the installation was incorrect. It may also be the case that for some reason, the Oracle Interface Configuration Assistant ('oifcfg') did not succeed during the installation. This note is not intended as a means to change the Public or Private Hostname themselves. Public hostname or Private hostname can only be changed by removing/adding nodes, or reinstalling Oracle Clusterware. However, node VIP name/IP can be changed, refer to Note 276434.1 for details. Refer to note 1386709.1 for basics of IPv4 subnet and Oracle Clusterware

Instructions for Changing Interfaces/Subnet

1. Public Network Change If the change is only public IP address and the new ones are still in the same subnet, nothing needs to be done on clusterware level (all changes needs to be done on OS level to reflect the change).

If the change involves different subnet or interface, as there is not a 'modify' option - you will need to delete the interface and add it back with the correct information. So, in the example here, the subnet is being changed from 10.2.156.0 to 10.2.166.0 via two separate commands - first a 'delif' followed by a 'setif': % \$ORA_CRS_HOME/bin/oifcfg delif -global eth0 %

```
$ORA_CRS_HOME/bin/oifcfg setif -global eth0/10.2.166.0:public syntax: oifcfg setif  
<interfacename>/<subnet>:<cluster_interconnect|public>
```

Note: If public network is changed, it may be necessary to change VIP as well, refer to Note 276434.1 for details; for 11gR2, it may be necessary to change SCAN as well, refer to note 972500.1 for details (This procedure does not apply when GNS is being used).

2. Private Network Change 2A. For pre-11gR2, if you wish to change the cluster_interconnect information and/or private IP address, hosts file needs to be modified on each node to reflect the change while the Oracle Clusterware Stack is down on all nodes. After the stack has restarted, to change the cluster_interconnect used by RDBMS and ASM instances, run oifcfg. In this example: % \$ORA_CRS_HOME/bin/oifcfg delif -global eth1 % \$ORA_CRS_HOME/bin/oifcfg setif -global eth1/192.168.1.0:cluster_interconnect

2B. For 11gR2 and higher, refer to note 1073502.1

Note: For 11gR2, as clusterware also uses cluster_interconnect, intended private network must be

added by "oifcfg setif" before stopping clusterware for any change.

Note: If you are running OCFS2 on Linux and are changing the private IP address for your cluster,

you may also need to change the private IP address that OCFS2 is using to communicate with other nodes. For more information on this, please refer to <Note 604958.1>

3. Verify the correct interface subnet is in use by re-running oifcfg with the 'getif' option: % \$ORA_CRS_HOME/bin/oifcfg getif eth0 10.2.166.0 global public eth1 192.168.1.0 global cluster_interconnect
How to Modify Private Network Interface in 11.2 Grid Infrastructure [ID 1073502.1] Modified 08-FEB-2012 Type HOWTO Status PUBLISHED

Applies to:

Oracle Server - Enterprise Edition - Version: 11.2.0.1.0 and later [Release: 11.2 and later]

Information in this document applies to any platform.

Goal

The purpose of this document is to demonstrate how to change the private network interface configuration stored in the OCR. This may be required if the name of the interface for the private network (cluster interconnect) needs to be changed at the OS level, for example, the private network is configured on a single network interface eth0, now you want to replace it with a bond interface bond0 and eth0 will be part of the bond0 interface. It also includes command for adding/deleting a private network interface.

Solution

As of 11.2 Grid Infrastructure, the CRS daemon (crsd.bin) now has a dependency on the private network configuration stored in the gnp profile and OCR. If the private network is not available or

its definition is incorrect, the CRSD process will not start and any subsequent changes to the OCR

will be impossible.

Therefore care needs to be taken when making modifications to the configuration of the private

network. It is important to perform the changes in the correct order.

Note: If only private network IP is going to be changed, the subnet and network interface remain

same (for examples changing private IP from 192.168.0.1 to 192.168.0.10), simply shutdown GI stack, make IP modification at OS level (like /etc/hosts, network config etc) for private network, then restart GI stack will complete the task.

The following procedures apply when subnet or network interface name also requires change.

Please take a backup of profile.xml on all cluster nodes before proceeding, as grid user:

```
$ cd $GRID_HOME/gnp/<hostname>/profiles/peer/
```

```
$ cp -p profile.xml profile.xml.bk
```

To modify the private network (cluster_interconnect):

1.Ensure CRS is running on ALL cluster nodes in the cluster

2.As grid user, add new interface:

Find the interface which needs to be removed. For example:

```
$ oifcfg getif
```

```
eth1 100.17.10.0 global public
```

```
eth0 192.168.0.0 global cluster_interconnect
```

Here the eth0 interface will be replaced by bond0 interface.

Add new interface bond0:

```
$ oifcfg setif -global <interface>/<subnet>:cluster_interconnect
```

For example:

```
$ oifcfg setif -global bond0/192.168.0.0:cluster_interconnect
```

This can be done with -global option even if the interface is not available yet, but this can not be

done with - node option if the interface is not available, it will lead to node eviction.

If the interface is available on the server, subnet address can be identified by command:

```
$ oifcfg iflist
```

It lists the network interface and its subnet address. This command can be run even if CRS is not

up and running. Please note, subnet address might not be in the format of x.y.z.0. For example, it

can be:

```
$ oifcfg iflist
```

```
lan1 18.1.2.0
```

```
lan2 10.2.3.64 << this is the private network subnet address associated with private network IP: 10.2.3.86
```

If the scenario is just to add a 2nd private network, for example: new interface is eth3 with subnet

address:

192.168.1.96, then issue:

```
$ oifcfg setif -global eth3/192.168.1.96:cluster_interconnect
```

Verify the change:

```
$ oifcfg getif
```

3.Shutdown CRS on all nodes and disable the CRS as root user: # crsctl stop crs # crsctl disable crs

4.Make the network configuration change at OS level as required, ensure the new interface is available on all nodes after the change.

```
$ ifconfig -a
```

```
$ ping <private hostname>
```

5.Enable CRS and restart CRS on all nodes as root user:

```
# crsctl enable crs
```

```
# crsctl start crs
```

6.Remove the old interface:

```
$ oifcfg delif -global eth0
```

Note #1. This step is not required for adding 2nd interface scenario.

#2. If the new interface is added without removing the old interface, eg: old interface still available

when CRS restart, then after step 6, CRS needs to be stop and start again to ensure the old interface is no longer in use.

untitled Workaround: restore the OS network configuration back to the original status, start CRS. Then follow above steps to make the changes again. Please consult with Oracle Support Service if after restoring OS network configuration, CRS still could not start.

2.If any one node is down in the cluster, oifcfg command will fail with error:

```
$ oifcfg setif -global bond0/192.168.0.0:cluster_interconnect
```

PRIF-26: Error in update the profiles in the cluster

Workaround: start CRS on the node where it is not running. Ensure CRS is up on all cluster nodes.

3.If a user other than Grid Infrastructure owner issues above command, it will fail with same error:

```
$ oifcfg setif -global bond0/192.168.0.0:cluster_interconnect
```

PRIF-26: Error in update the profiles in the cluster

Workaround: ensure to login as Grid Infrastructure owner to perform such command.

4.From 11.2.0.2 onwards, if attempt to delete the last private interface (cluster_interconnect) without adding a new one first, following error will occur:

PRIF-31: Failed to delete the specified network interface because it is the last private interface

Workaround: Add new private interface first before deleting the old private interface.

5.If CRS is down on the node, the following error is expected:

```
$ oifcfg getif
```

PRIF-10: failed to initialize the cluster registry

Workaround: Start the CRS on the node

My Oracle Support

NEW QUESTION: 2

What is the Service Desks involvement with the Service Asset and Configuration Management process?

- A. The SACM is used to support accurate Incident diagnosis
- B. The SACM can be used to help resolve Incidents quickly
- C. The SACM is the central control mechanism for Problem Management
- D. The Service Desk creates SACM records to assist in Problem resolution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION: 3

開発者は、機密性の高いデータを含む10MBのドキュメントを処理するアプリケーションで作業しています。アプリケーションは、AWS KMSを使用してクライアント側の暗号化を実行します。どの手順に従う必要がありますか？

- A. 暗号化する必要があるプレーンテキストデータを渡すEncrypt APIを呼び出し、KeyIdパラメーターで顧客管理キーARNを参照します
- B. GenerateDataKey APIを呼び出して、データ暗号化キーの暗号化バージョンを取得し、データを暗号化します
- C. GenerateRandom APIを呼び出してデータ暗号化キーを取得し、データ暗号化キーを使用してデータを暗号化します
- D. GenerateDataKey APIを呼び出して、データ暗号化キーのプレーンテキストバージョンを取得し、データを暗号化します

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/dev/UsingClientSideEncryption.html>

GenerateDataKey API: Generates a unique data key. This operation returns a plaintext copy of the data key and a copy that is encrypted under a customer master key (CMK) that you specify. You can use the plaintext key to encrypt your data outside of KMS and store the encrypted data key with the encrypted data.

NEW QUESTION: 4

Refer to Exhibit.

An administrator increases the cluster RF to 3. The containers are not modified. What will the new values in the data resiliency dashboard be for FAILURES TOLERABLE for the Zookeeper and Extent Groups components?

- A. Zookeeper = 2 and Extent Groups = 2
- B. Zookeeper = 2 and Extent Groups = 1
- C. Zookeeper = 1 and Extent Groups = 1
- D. Zookeeper = 1 and Extent Groups = 2

Answer: D

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